



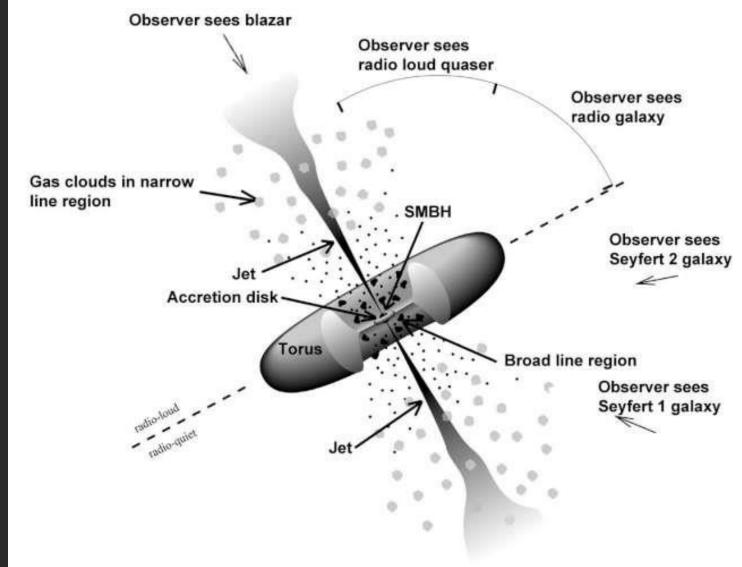


TESTING THE CONNECTION BETWEEN MAJOR MERGERS AND THE TRIGGERING OF HIGH-ACCRETION BLACK HOLES

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Introduction

FUELING A BLACK HOLE



Credit: https://fermi.gsfc.nasa.gov/science/eteu/agn/

FUELING THE FUEL

- Gas transport from distant reservoirs (kpc) to central region
- Need to remove angular momentum

MAJOR MERGER — AGN CONNECTION

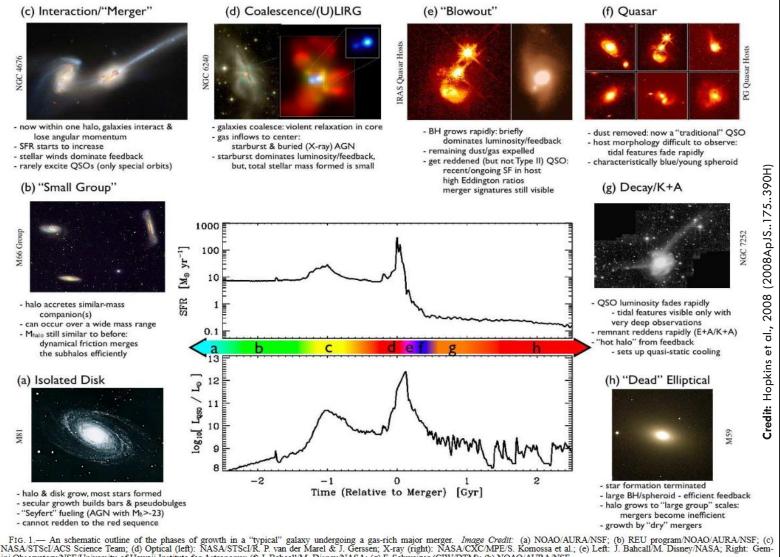


FIG. 1.— An schematic outline of the phases of growth in a "typical" galaxy undergoing a gas-rich major merger. *Image Credit:* (a) NOAO/AURA/NSF; (b) REU program/NOAO/AURA/NSF; (c) NASA/STScI/ACS Science Team; (d) Optical (left): NASA/STScI/R. P. van der Marel & J. Gerssen; X-ray (right): NASA/CXC/MPE/S. Komossa et al.; (e) Left: J. Bahcall/M. Disney/NASA; Right: Gemini Observatory/NSF/University of Hawaii Institute for Astronomy; (f) J. Bahcall/M. Disney/NASA; (g) F. Schweizer (CIW/DTM); (h) NOAO/AURA/NSF.

MAJOR MERGER — AGN CONNECTION



Matching control sample of inactive galaxies essential

- Examine merger fractions in parameter space:
 - Redshift
 - Mass
 - Accretion rate

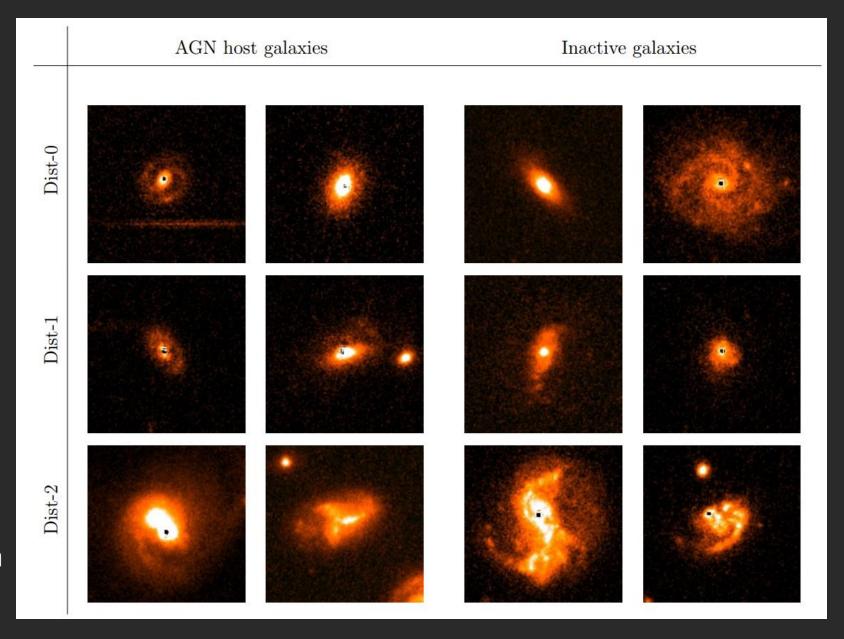
Redshift

REDSHIFT

- © Cisternas+ 11:
- - 140 X-ray selected, optically confirmed AGNs
 - ~ 1200 inactive galaxies
 - $M_* > 10^{11.7} \,\mathrm{M}_{\odot}$

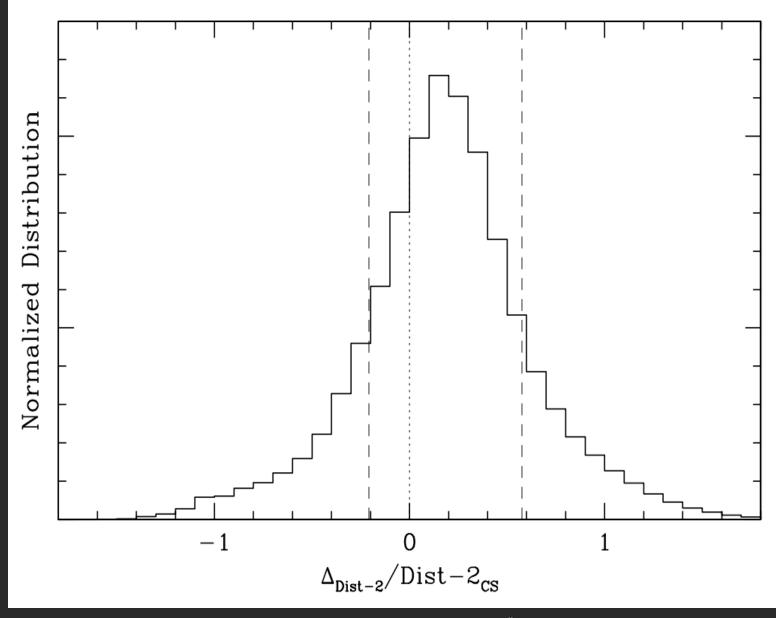
REDSHIFT

- 2D-decomposition
- Synthetic nucleus for control sample
- Removing nuclear contribution
- Visual classification



REDSHIFT

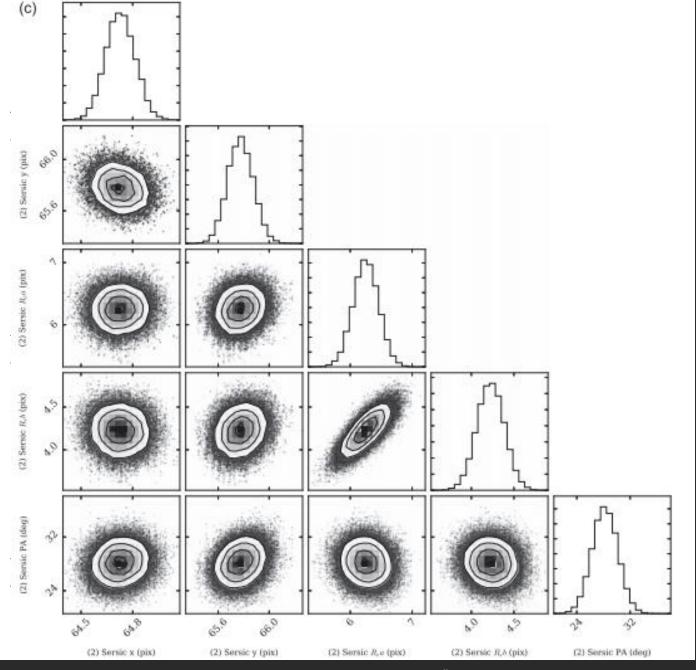
- Results:
- >85% of AGN host galaxies show no strong distortions
- >55% AGN hosts diskdominated
- No significant differencein distortion fractions



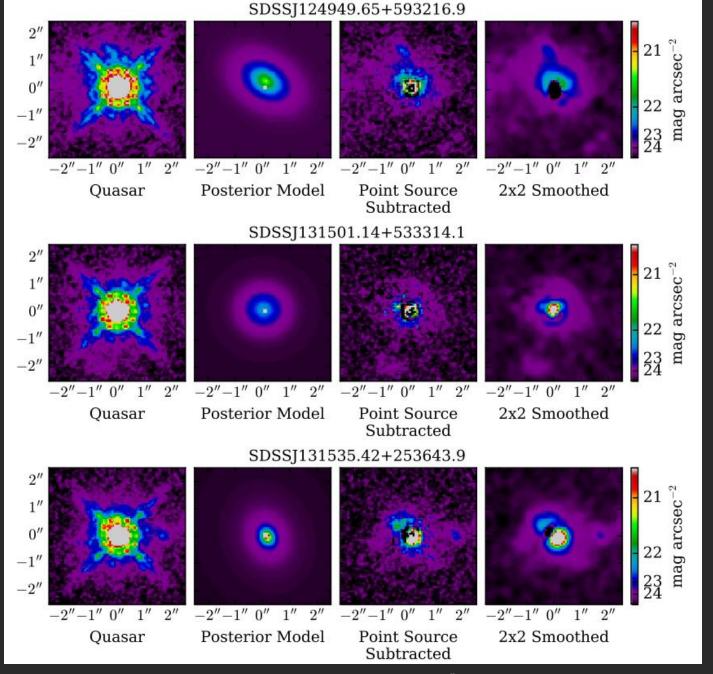
Highest Mass BHs

- Mechtley+ 16:
- $M_{BH} = 10^{9.3} 10^{9.7} M_{\odot}$
 - z ~ 2
 - 19 AGNs
 - 84 inactive galaxies

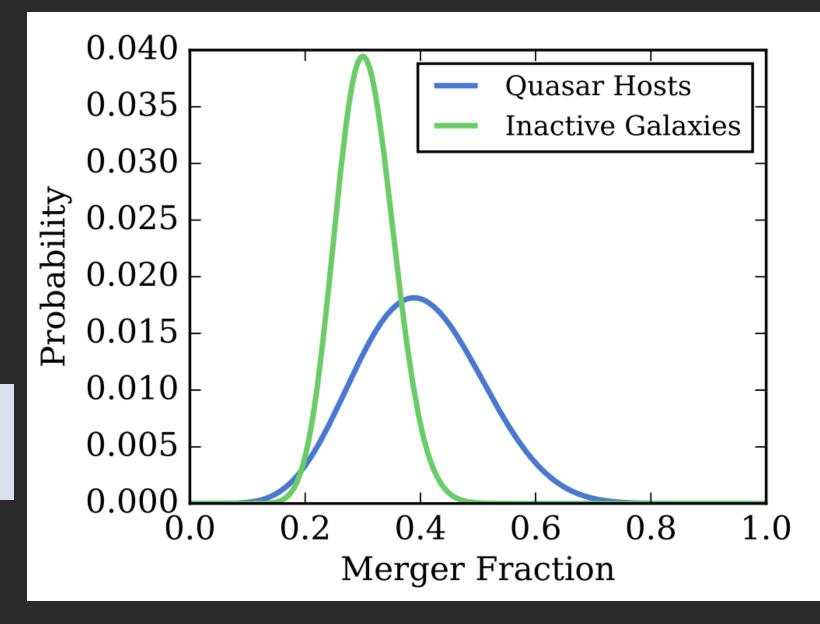
- 2D decomposition:
- Bayesian Modeling Method
- MCMC algorithm (PSFMC)
- Synthetic nucleus for inactive galaxies
- Point source subtraction



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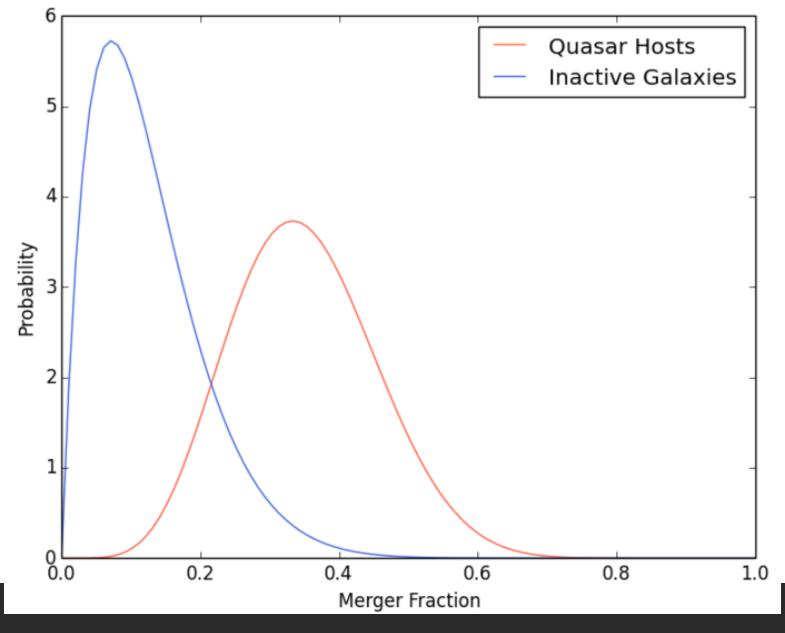
- Consensus ranking
- $f_{m,qso} = 0.39 \pm 0.11$
- \bullet $f_{m,gal} = 0.30 \pm 0.05$
- No significant difference in merger fractions
- Similar result for z = 0.2



(Master Thesis: Liyualem Tilahun)

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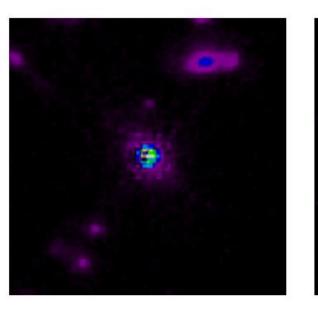
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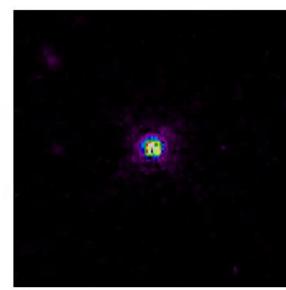


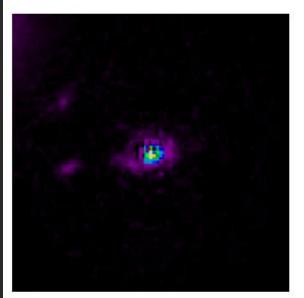
Highest Accretion Rates

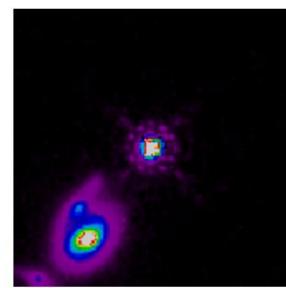
- \odot Examination for BHs with $L/L_{edd} > 0.3$
- Large amount of gas needed
- major merger dominant mechanism?

- z = 2
 - 21 AGNs
 - 92 inactive galaxies
 - Modeling complete
 - Currently in ranking phase

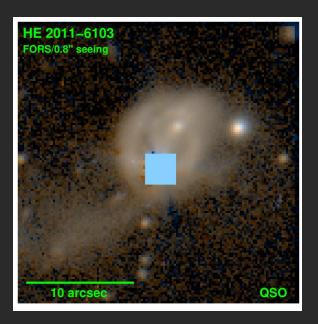


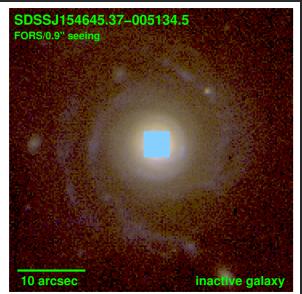




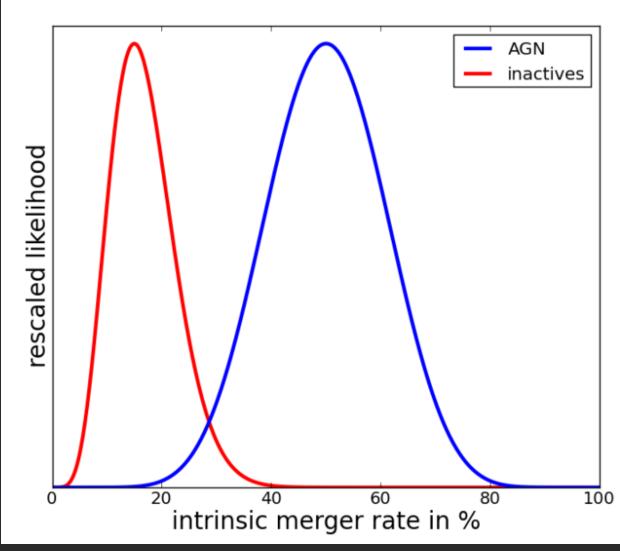


- - Observations nearly complete
 - B-V
 - 19 AGNs
 - 37 comparison galaxies





- Hypothesis:
 - QSOs dominated by mergers (≥50%)
- \bullet Fraction of inactive, merging galaxies $\sim 15\%$
- Test with 3σ significance

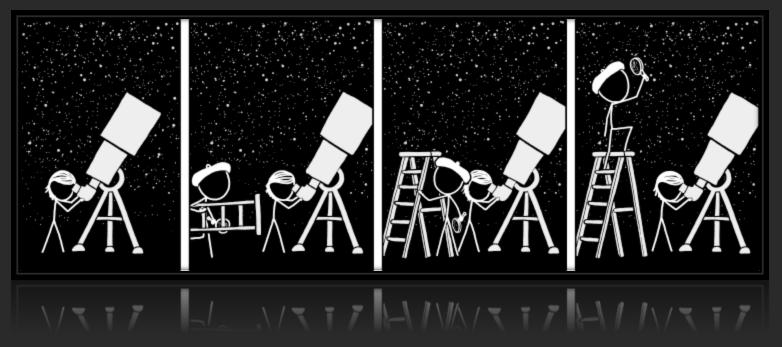


Summary

CONCLUSIONS

- Major mergers not dominant trigger for AGN activity for:
- \odot Typical AGNs at 0.3 < z < 1.0
- Highest mass BHs at z = 2 and z = 0.2
- Lower-luminosity AGN at z = 2 (Schawinski+ 2011, Kocevski+ 2012)
- BHs with highest accretion rates at z = 2 and z = 0.2?

Thank you for your attention



Xkrd com

Time Lag

TIME LAG

- Washing out of merger signatures
- \bullet Models: $\sim 10^8$ yr between coalescence and peak of QSO activity
- Accretion timescales 10⁷-10⁸ yr
- merger signatures visible

Obscuration

OBSCURATION

- Cisternas+ 11
- Examined soft and hard X-ray emission
- No source above background level